TOWN OF ONOWAY

Financial Statements

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Onoway

Management of the Town of Onoway is responsible for the accompanying financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

To assist in meeting its responsibility, management maintains appropriate systems of control and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial information produced is relevant and reliable.

The preparation of financial statements necessarily includes some amounts which are based on best estimates and judgments of management.

The financial statements have been audited by Metrix Group LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants. Their report to the Mayor and Town Council, stating the scope of their examination and opinion on the financial statements follows.

Jennifer Thompson

Chief Administrative Officer



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Onoway

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Onoway, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net debt, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Onoway as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations, changes in net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (Council) are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date or our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

METRIX GROUP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Edmonton, Alberta April 13, 2023

TOWN OF ONOWAY Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	411,732	1,033,080
Receivables (Note 3)	562,108	303,216
Land held for resale	203,385	203,385
	1,177,225	1,539,681
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	443,871	401,409
Deferred revenue (Note 5)	83,822	137,602
Long-term debt (Note 6)	1,308,943	1,398,161
	1,836,636	1,937,172
NET DEBT	(659,411)	(397,491)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)	11,484,530	11,642,015
Prepaid expenses	5,502	5,341
	11,490,032	11,647,356
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 8)	\$ 10,830,621	\$ 11,249,865

ON BEHALF OF THE TOWN COUNCIL:

Councillor

Mayor

TOWN OF ONOWAY Statement of Operations and Changes in Accumulated Surplus For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022 (Budget) (Note 15)	2022 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)
REVENUE			
Net taxes available for municipal			
purposes (Schedule 2)	1,337,012	1,338,177	1,289,621
Sales and user charges (Schedule 4)	1,034,680	1,069,033	1,058,882
Sales to other governments	29,837	316,670	449,929
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 3)	235,321	176,428	619,370
Franchise fees (Note 13)	113,000	134,049	115,956
Rentals	38,400	35,310	38,800
Penalties and costs on taxes	24,500	26,869	24,365
Other	31,538	20,900	32,445
Interest	8,000	18,705	7,305
Licenses and permits	4,000	10,620	10,769
Fines	10,500	2,480	9,695
	2,866,788	3,149,241	3,657,137
EXPENSES			
General administration	1,041,403	1,129,852	645,600
Water supply and distribution	509,796	488,507	529,553
Fire	99,830	456,467	421,792
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	349,607	337,126	277,076
Common and equipment pool	193,212	211,816	229,060
Wastewater treatment and disposal	218,374	133,889	371,406
Council and other legislative	133,365	116,294	112,676
Family and community support services	98,630	108,460	121,759
Police	93,000	92,744	196,513
Waste management	85,978	81,086	81,000
Parks and recreation	115,626	75,509	110,065
Other planning and development	119,300	41,267	52,451
Recreation board and other services	34,750	34,373	18,995
Culture: libraries, museums, halls	27,700	36,100	35,646
Land use planning, zoning and development	15,500	16,518	14,435
Subdivision land and development	6,000	5,636	8,305
Disaster and emergency services Other	4,000	3,291	7,730
Bylaws enforcement	4,200	2,416	155
Amortization	1,500 69,674	1,151 468,575	4,000 456,335
Anotheation		·	430,333
	3,221,445	3,841,077	3,694,552
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE OTHER REVENUE	(354,657)	(691,836)	(37,415)
OTHER REVENUE Government transfers for capital (Schedule 3)	174,617	272,592	558,639
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	(180,040)	(419,244)	521,224
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,249,865	11,249,865	10,728,641
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$ 11,069,825	\$ 10,830,621	\$ 11,249,865
	,-55,025	· ,	+,==0,000

TOWN OF ONOWAY Statement of Changes in Net Debt For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022 (Budget) (Note 15)	2022 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ (180,040)	\$ (419,244)	\$ 521,224
Purchase of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(377,057) 69,674	(311,090) 468,575	(595,991) 456,335
	(307,383)	157,485	(139,656)
Acquisition (use) of prepaid expenses		(161)	7,441
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET DEBT	(487,423)	(261,920)	389,009
NET DEBT, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(397,491)	(397,491)	(786,500)
NET DEBT, END OF YEAR	\$ (884,914)	\$ (659,411)	\$ (397,491)

TOWN OF ONOWAY Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash from operations		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (419,244)	\$ 521,224
Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses:		
Amortization	468,575	456,335
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	<u> </u>
	49,331	977,559
Change in non-cash working capital	,	077,000
balances related to operations:		
Prepaid expenses	(161)	7,442
Receivables	(258,892)	281,902
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	42,462	22,105
Land held for resale	-	(1)
Deferred revenue	(53,780)	(142,431)
	(221,040)	1,146,576
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of long-term debt	(89,218)	(85,189)
ropaymont or long term door	(00,210)	(00,100)
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(311,090)	(595,991)
	(311,090)	(595,991)
CHANGE IN CASH CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR	(621,348)	465,396
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,033,080	567,684
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 411,732	\$ 1,033,080

	2022	2021
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 10,243,854	\$ 10,019,009
Purchase of Tangible Capital Assets Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets Net Book Value of Tangible Capital Assets Disposed of Repayment of Capital Long-Term Debt	311,090 (468,575) - 89,218	595,991 (456,335) - 85,189
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,175,587	\$ 10,243,854
Equity in Tangible Capital Assets is Comprised of the Following:		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 7) Long-term Debt (Note 6)	\$ 11,484,530 (1,308,943)	\$ 11,642,015 (1,398,161)
	\$ 10,175,587	\$ 10,243,854

	2022 (Budget) (Note 15)	2022 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)
TAXATION		<u> </u>	
Real property taxes Linear property taxes	\$ 1,611,993 72,364	\$ 1,626,003 51,603	\$ 1,573,218 64,090
	1,684,357	1,677,606	1,637,308
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Fund Lac Ste. Anne Foundation	323,536 23,809	315,902 23,527	323,535 24,152
	347,345	339,429	347,687
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$ 1,337,012	\$ _1,338,177	\$ 1,289,621

	·			
	202 (Budg <i>(Note</i>	et)	2022 (Actual)	2021 (Actual)
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING				
Provincial government	165	,976	107,083	535,224
Local governments		,345	69,345	•
	235	,321	176,428	619,370
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL				
Provincial government	174	,617	272,592	558,639
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 409	,938	\$ 449,020	\$ 1,178,009

TOWN OF ONOWAY Schedule of Segmented Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule 4

9	Comorol	Destantivo	Dublic	Roads		All	
	General Administration	Protective Services	Public Works	Streets, Walks and Lighting	Utilities	All Other	Total
REVENUE							
Taxation	636,294	176,916	211,816	334,694	_	(21,543)	1,338,177
Sales and user charges	1,886	30,502	-	-	997,811	38,834	1,069,033
Other	41,457	346,233	_	2,432	-	175,481	565,603
Government transfers	45,214		-	-	-	131,214	176,428
	724,851	553,651	211,816	337,126	997,811	323,986	3,149,241
EXPENSES							
Contracted and general services	315,167	391,912	90,495	86,976	384,751	82,046	1,351,347
Salaries, wages, and benefits	744,869	8,966	56,207	106,353	125,034	139,048	1,180,477
Materials, goods, and supplies	13,484	145,457	46,058	64,710	94,298	133,094	497,101
Utilities	18,272	5,515	11,001	77,974	25,640	4,312	142,714
Interest on long-term debt	6,926	-	-	-	63,529	_	70,455
Other	-	-	-	-	-	76,253	76,253
Insurance	31,133	1,801	8,055	1,113	10,229	1,824	54,155
	1,129,851	553,651	211,816	337,126	703,481	436,577	3,372,502
NET REVENUE BEFORE AMORTIZATION	N (405,000)	-	-	•	294,330	(112,591)	(223,261
Amortization	21,729	11,980	54,339	128,446	242,863	9,218	468,575
NET REVENUE (DEFICIT)	\$ (426,729)	(11,980) \$	(54,339)	\$ (128,446) \$	51,467 \$	(121,809) \$	(691,836

TOWN OF ONOWAY Schedule of Segmented Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

Schedule 4

	General Administration	Protective Services	Public Works	Roads Streets, Walks and Lighting	Utilities	All Other	Total
REVENUE	404.054	00.444	000 000	070.005		444.004	4 000 004
Taxation	484,254	60,441	229,060	370,885		144,981	1,289,621
Sales and user charges	2,205	71,118	-	-	940,208	45,351	1,058,882
Other	49,674	473,971	-	6,191	-	159,428	689,264
Government transfers	109,467	-	-	-	284,403	225,500	619,370
	645,600	605,530	229,060	377,076	1,224,611	575,260	3,657,137
EXPENSES							
Contracted and general services	338,676	476,622	63,843	24,827	584,451	82,709	1,571,128
Salaries, wages, and benefits	226,294	120,249	92,422	124,243	119,952	152,503	835,663
Materials, goods, and supplies	36,623	4,448	56,577	52,138	176,983	175,874	502,643
Utilities	20,508	2,467	8,790	74,828	23,792	13,943	144,328
Interest on long-term debt	,	•	-,		67,209	-	67,209
Other	-	-	-	-	-	66,667	66,667
Insurance	23,499	1,744	7,428	1,040	9,571	7,297	50,579
	645,600	605,530	229,060	277,076	981,958	498,993	3,238,217
NET REVENUE BEFORE AMORTIZATIO	N -	-	-	100,000	242,653	76,267	418,920
Amortization	25,244	11,139	64,973	119,208	224,960	10,811	456,335
NET REVENUE (DEFICIT)	\$ (25,244)	\$ (11,139) \$	(64,973)	\$ (19,208)	17,693	\$ 65,456	\$ (37,415)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and changes in fund balances and changes in financial position of the Town. This is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or accountable to the Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The Town is a member of the West Inter Lake District Regional Water Services Commission and Highway 43 East Waste Commission. The Town has not proportionately consolidated these financial results of the organizations.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

(b) Basis of Accounting

Revenues are accounted for in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met by the municipality, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Expenses are recognized in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include items that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and have a maturity of one year or less at acquisition.

(d) Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks, and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(e) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(f) Tax Revenue

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are levied.

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowing. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the Town and are recognized as revenue in the year the tax is levied.

(g) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Engineered structures	
Water systems	45 - 75 years
Wastewater systems	75 years
Roadways	10 - 20 years
Storm systems	75 years
Buildings	25 & 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 33 years
Vehicles	10 years

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

(h) Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil,water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. A liability for remediation on contaminated sites is recognized, net of any recoveries, when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the environmental standard, the Town is directly responsible for or accepts responsibility for the liability, future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made.

(i) Under-Levies and Over-Levies

Under-levies and over-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

In situations where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and reflected as property taxes. If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any under-levies or over-levies of the prior year.

(j) New Accounting Standards not yet Adopted

Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022, *PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations* provides guidance on how to account for and report liabilities for retirement of tangible capital assets.

Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023, *PS 3400 Revenue* provides guidance on how to account for and report revenue, and specifically, it addresses revenue arising from exchange transactions and unilateral transactions.

2. C	ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_		
			2022		2021
	Deposit account with financial institution Cash on hand	\$	411,132 600	\$ -	1,032,480 600
		\$	411,732	\$ ^	1,033,080
3. R	ECEIVABLES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2022		2024
	Trade and other Taxes and grants in place of taxes Utilities Goods and Services Tax	\$	315,124 142,015 91,323 35,387	\$	2021 66,776 126,153 76,533 55,495
	Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	583,849 (21,741)		324,957
	Taxes and grants in place of taxes include arrears taxes in the a \$84,288).	\$ mount o	562,108 f \$80,822 (2	\$ 021	<u>303,216</u> -
4. A	CCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
			2022		2021
	Trade payables Accrued interest on long-term debt Lac Ste. Anne County	\$	425,928 17,943 -	\$	282,243 19,166 100,000
	-				

During 2018, the Town entered into a cost participation agreement with Lac Ste. Anne County for improvements to Township Road 544 from RR 11 east to RR 21 and RR 21 from Township Road 544 north to Township Road 545. Under the terms of the agreement, the Town agreed to reimburse the County for \$500,000 of the total costs of the project repayable in annual instalments of \$100,000 from 2018 - 2022.

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of externally restricted unspent funds received which relate to costs of future periods.

	_	2021	F	Received	Used	2022
Other		69,714		21,000	(6,892)	83,822
Municipal Sustainability Initiative		67,809		143,026	(210,835)	-
Canada Community-Building Fund		79		61,664	(61,743)	
·	\$	137,602	\$	225,690	\$ (279,470)	\$ 83,822

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Government of Alberta debenture, repayable in biannual instalments of \$76,783 including interest at a fixed rate of 4.676%, due September 15, 2033. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of Town at large.

\$ 1,308,943 \$ 1,398,161

2021

2022

Principal and interest payments are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 93,439	\$ 59,126	\$ 152,565
2024	97,859	55,706	153,565
2025	102,489	51,077	153,566
2026	107,337	46,228	153,565
2027	112,415	41,151	153,566
Thereafter	795,404	125,992	921,396
	\$ 1,308,943	\$ 379,280	\$ 1,688,223

The Town's cash payments for interest in 2022 were \$64,347 (2021 - \$68,377).

				_	2022		2021
Engineered structures							
Water systems					3,923,192		4,011,
Wastewater systems					4,125,533		4,201,
Roadways					1,622,039		1,741,
Storm systems				_	572,698		581,
					10,243,462		10,536,
Machinery, equipment, a	nd furnishings				663,141		488
Buildings Land					285,343		313
Vehicles				_	196,380 96,204		196 107
				\$	11,484,530	\$	11,642
	Cost						Cost
	Beginning of						End of
	<u>Year</u>	Additions	Disposals		Vrite-downs		Year
Engineered structures							
Roadways	4,083,363	-		-	-		4,083
Water systems	7,018,810	35,240		-	-		7,054
Wastewater systems Storm systems	5,189,649 671,119	-		-	-		5,189 671
otomi systems					-		
	16,962,941	35,240		-	-		16,998
Land	196,380	-		-	_		196
Buildings Machinery, equipment,	1,324,304	-		-	-		1,324
and furnishings	1,374,847	275,850		-	-		1,650
Vehicles	391,683	•		-	•		391
	\$ 20,250,155	\$ 311,090	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$	20,561
	Accumulated						cumulat
	Amortization					Ar	nortizati
	Beginning of Year	Current Amortization	Disposals	V	Vrite-downs		End of Year
Engineered structures							
Roadways	2,341,826	119,498		_	_		2,461
Water systems	3,006,958	123,900		-	-		3,130
Wastewater systems	988,235	75,881		-	•		1,064
Storm systems	89,473	8,948	-	-			98
	6,426,492	328,227		-	-		6,754
Buildings Machinery, equipment,	1,011,281	27,680		-	-		1,038
	885,960	101,596			_		987
and furnishings					_		901
and furnishings Vehicles	284,407	11,072		-			295

B. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS			
	2022		2021
Unrestricted surplus (deficit) Restricted surplus	(22,5	95)	(33,28
Operating reserves (Note 9)	245,88		590,42
Capital reserves (Note 9) Equity in tangible capital assets (Schedule 1)	431,74 10,175,58		448,869 10,243,854
Equity in tangible capital assets (Schedule 1)	<u>10,173,56</u> \$ 10,830,62		11,249,86
	<u>• 10,000,01</u>		
. RESERVES			
	2022		2021
Operating Reserves General operating	\$ 245,88	38 \$	
Water upgrades	4 240,00	-	34,84
Tax stabilization		-	44,78
Special projects Roads and streets		-	16,00
Recreation		-	163,139 3,54
Lagoon		-	215,77
Future development			112,35
	\$ 245,88	38 \$	590,42
Capital Reserves			
General capital	\$ 371,74		
Recreation venue / opportunity	60,00)0	60,00
Vehicle - public works Utilities		-	17,99 157,64
Parks, recreation and playgrounds		-	32,19
Parks improvements - Fortis		_	28,71
Parks beautification		-	4,13
Onoway Regional Fire Services		-	17,12
Machinery and equipment		-	76,16
Fire		-	1,60
Culture and hall Building - public works		•	5,94
Building - administration		-	7,509 39,85
	\$ 431,74	11 \$	

10. TRUST FUNDS

The Town administers the following trusts on behalf of third parties. As related trust assets are not owned by the Town, the trusts have been excluded from the financial statements. The following table provides a summary of the transactions within these trusts during the year:

	 Opening	Red	ceipts	Dis	bursements	3	Ending
Tax sale property funds Collaboration Program Grants Seniors Housing	\$ 76,640 49,478 1,000	\$	1,888 - -	\$	(27,267)	\$	78,528 22,211 1,000
	\$ 127,118	\$	1,888	\$	(27,267)	\$	101,739

11. SALARIES AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officers, and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	2022 Benefits and			20	2021		
		Salary	_	llowances	Total		Total
Town Council							
Kwasny (Mayor) (Oct - Dec 2021)		8,072		261	8,333		2,116
Tracy (Mayor) (Dec - Sep 2021)		· _		-	-,		13,753
Coninx		11,959		480	12,439		2,801
Johnson		9,154		343	9,497		16,619
Winterford		8,824		303	9,127		1,886
Murray		8,334		273	8,607		2,379
Tonita		-		-	•		13,331
St. Hilaire		-		-	•		9,570
Mickle		-			-		7,729
	\$	46,343	\$	1,660	\$ 48,003	\$	70,184
Chief Administrative Officer							
Wildman	\$	300,072	\$	-	\$ 300,072	\$	153,925
Duhamel		82,500		-	82,500		-
Thompson		33,814		7,380	41,194		
Designated Officers	\$	12,357	\$	7,380	\$ 19,737	\$	12,394

Salary includes regular base pay, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees, and the employer's share of the costs of any additional taxable benefits.

12. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

(a) Emergency Services

The Town has entered into an agreement for the provision of emergency first response, fire suppression, and emergency rescue services for the period January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2025. The basic annual fee for these services is approximately \$260,000 annually.

(b) Waste Collection

The Town has entered into an agreement for waste collection servies for the period January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2025. Estimated annual charges for \$65,000 annually.

13. UTILITY FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

Disclosure of utility franchise agreement annual revenues as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	 2022	2021
Fortis Alberta Inc. Atco Gas	\$ 92,513 41,536	\$ 84,459 31,497
	\$ 134,049	\$ 115,956

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. Unless otherwise noted, the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

The Town is exposed to credit risk with respect to receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of customers minimizes the Town's credit risk.

15. BUDGET

The 2022 budget data presented in these financial statements is based on the operating and capital budgets approved by Council on June 23, 2022. The chart below reconciles the approved financial plan to the figures reported in these financial statements.

	 2022 (Budget)	2022 (Actual)
Annual surplus	(180,040)	(419,244)
Add back: Amortization expense Net transfers from (to) reserves	- 663,439	468,575 361,663
Deduct: Principal debt repayments Purchase of tangible capital assets	(89,219) (377,057)	(89,219) (311,090)
	 3 17,123	\$ 10,685

16. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the *Municipal Government Act* requires that debt and debt limits, as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00, for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	2022	2021
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 4,723,862 (1,308,943)	\$ 5,485,706 (1,398,161)
Amount of debt limit unused	\$ 3,414,919	\$ 4,087,545
Service on debt limit Service on debt	\$ 787,310 (152,565)	\$ 914,284 (153,566)
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 634,745	\$ 760,718

17. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and administration.